

# Portable colour graphic multimeters *ASYCIV* I 00,000 cts MTX 3292 MTX 3293



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### **General directions**

#### Introduction



# **Congratulations!** You have just become the owner of a **portable colour** graphic multimeter.

We thank you for this sign of confidence in the quality of our products. The line of instruments to which it belongs comprises the following models:

	MTX 3292	MTX 3293	
<u>Display</u>	Graphic, colour (70x52)		
Power supply	4 R6 primary batteries or 4 storage batteries (provided)		
Counts	100,000		
Communication	IR/USB (Bluetooth, optional)		

It complies with safety standard NF EN 61010-1 + NF EN 61010-2-030 concerning electronic measuring instruments.

For best results, read this manual closely and observe the precautions of use.

Failure to observe these warnings and/or directions may damage the instrument and/or its components and may endanger the user.

# Precautions and safety measures



- This instrument is been designed to be used as follows:
  - indoors
  - in an environment of pollution degree 2
  - at an altitude of less than 2000m
  - at a temperature between 0°C and 40°C
  - at a relative humidity below 80% up to 35°C.

The safety of any system incorporating the instrument is the responsibility of the system integrator.

 It can be used for measurements on 1000V circuits in CAT III and 600V circuits in CAT IV.

However, some accessories may lead to the use of this instrument on circuits of a lower voltage and category.

#### before use • Comply with the environmental and storage conditions.

- Check the integrity of the guards and insulation of the accessories. Any item of which the insulation is deteriorated (even partially) must be removed from service and scrapped. A change of colour of the insulation is a sign of deterioration.
- Supply: primary battery or Ni-MH battery and specific charger supplied with the instrument. It must be connected to line power : (230V ±10%, 300V - CAT II), (US version: 110V ±10%).

#### during use

- Read closely all notes preceded by the 🖄 symbol.
- As a safety measure, use only the appropriate leads and accessories supplied with the instrument or approved by the manufacturer.

Definitions of the measurement categories



**CAT II:** Test and measurement circuits directly connected to the points of use of the low-voltage network (power outlets and other similar points).

E.g.: Measurements on the network circuits of household appliances, portable tools, and similar devices.

**CAT III:** Test and measurement circuits connected to parts of the low-voltage network of the building.

E.g.: Measurements on distribution panels (including secondary meters), circuitbreakers, wiring including cables, bus bars, branch boxes, disconnecting switches, power outlets in the fixed installation, and industrial appliances and other equipment, such as motors permanently connected to the fixed installation.

**CAT IV:** Test and measurement circuits connected to the source of the low-voltage network of the building.

*E.g.:* Measurements on devices installed before the main fuse or the circuitbreaker of the building installation.

#### Warning! Using a measuring instrument, a lead, or an accessory belonging to a lower measurement or voltage category derates the resulting system (instrument + leads + accessories) to the lowest measurement category and/or service voltage of any of the components.

Symbols on the instrument or LCD



Risk of electric shock: directions for connection and disconnection of the inputs. Always connect the probes or adapters to the instrument before connecting them to the measurement points. Always disconnect the probes or cords from the measurement points before disconnecting them from the instrument. These directions apply before the instrument is cleaned.



Warning: Hazard. The operator must refer to the manual each time this danger symbol is encountered.



Device entirely protected by double insulation or reinforced insulation.



ন্থি ।

In the European Union, this product is subject to selective collection for the recycling of electrical and electronic equipment waste in accordance with Directive WEEE 2002/96/EC: this equipment must not be treated as ordinary waste. The spent batteries must not be treated as ordinary waste. Take them in to the appropriate collection point for recycling.



The CE marking indicates conformity with the European "Low Voltage", "EMC", "WEEE" and "RoHS" directives.



100,000 cts digital multimeters

#### Warranty



This equipment is warranted for 3 years against any defect of materials or workmanship, in accordance with the general terms of sale. During the warranty period, the instrument may be repaired only by the manufacturer, who reserves the right to repair the instrument or to replace it or part of it. If the equipment is returned to the manufacturer, the cost of transport to the manufacturer is borne by the customer.

The warranty does not apply following:

- improper use of the equipment or use in association with incompatible equipment
- modification of the equipment without the explicit permission of the manufacturer's technical staff
- · maintenance done by a person not approved by the manufacturer
- adaptation to a particular application not anticipated in the definition of the equipment or by the user manual
- a shock, a fall, or flooding.

#### Maintenance, metrological verification

Before opening the instrument, you must disconnect it from line power and from the measurement circuits and make sure that you are not charged with static electricity, which might destroy internal components. An adjustment, maintenance, or repair of the live instrument must be undertaken only by personnel who are qualified and have familiarized themselves with the directions in this manual.

We recommend a verification of this instrument at least once a year. For checking and calibration, contact one of our accredited metrology laboratories (information and contact details available on request), at our Chauvin Arnoux subsidiary or the branch in your country.





All of the equipment has undergone mechanical and electrical checks before being dispatched. When you receive it, carry out a quick check to detect any deterioration that may have occurred during transport. Should the need arise, immediately contact our sales department and notify the carrier of the customary reservations.

Use the original packaging to reship the equipment, if possible. Indicate as clearly as possible, by a note attached to the equipment, the reasons for the transfer.

#### Repair under warranty and post warranty

For all repairs before or after expiry of warranty, please return the device to your distributor.

#### Maintenance

ance

Charging the

storage batteries

- Disconnect everything connected to the instrument and press the Wkey to switch it off.
- Use a soft cloth, moistened with soapy water.
- Rinse with a damp cloth and dry rapidly with a dry cloth or forced air.
- Make sure that no foreign objects interfere with the operation of the device by which the leads are snapped into place.

#### **Power supply**

- 4 primary batteries (R6, AA format)
- or 4 storage batteries (Ni-MH type, LSD, AA format).



You can charge the storage batteries without removing them. Use the external charger supplied with the multimeter. During the charging, the multimeter remains operational.

*d* However, some of its metrological characteristics may be altered.

#### Instrument off Durir

ff During the charging cycle, each function LED lights by turns to indicate that charging is in progress.

On the screen, the user sees the charge level of the storage batteries. Charging stops automatically when they are fully charged (approximately 6h for 2400mAh).

For more details, refer to the "<u>Before recharging the storage batteries</u>" section in the Appendix.

#### Replacement (primary or storage batteries)

*d* After replacing the batteries (primary or storage), wait 10s before switching the instrument back on.

*Clock* During this replacement, the internal clock is preserved for approximately 45s.





• Before replacing the fuse (reached by opening the bottom compartment), disconnect the instrument from any source of current. During the replacement, make sure that only a fuse of the appropriate rating and specified type is used. Using another type of fuse and shorting the fuse holder are strictly forbidden.

• Fuse: SIBA/5019906 11A: 10x38 -1,000V -F Breaking capacity: >18kA

Communication interfaces The multimeter can communicate with a PC, making it possible:

- to update the embedded software → Connect the multimeter to the PC via the USB link and run the application downloaded from CHAUVIN ARNOUX's web site.
- to calibrate the multimeter using the optional SX-MTX 329X calibration software (HX0059B).
- to program using Labview and Labwindows
- to recover the data or program the device using the SX-DMM software

Your multimeter includes:

- an isolated optical USB link (type HX0056Z)
- SX-DMM processing software
- Labview and Labwindows drivers to program the devices.
- It is also possible to program using the SCPI or MODBUS protocol.



The <u>Bluetooth</u> communication interface is optional.

in IR/USB

0#	Осом	38400
└──╢┣─	▲1000V CAT III	

# **Description of the instruments**

# Front panel and Back



#### **Display unit**



•

### **Principal quantities**

measured

- VLowZ AC voltage measurement at low impedance (VLowZ)
- VAC AC voltage measurement
- VAC/DC DC or AC+DC voltage measurement at high impedance (V)
- A Current measurement A (AC, DC, AC+DC)
- Hz Frequency measurement
- Ω Resistance measurement
- C Capacitance measurement
- T° Temperature measurement
- % Measurement of relative value or duty cycle

**Secondary** See the specific "<u>Table of secondary measurements</u>" chapter on screen in the **quantities** SPEC, REL, MEM, SURV, and MEAS+ modes.

#### 🞘 REL menu



The main display unit and the <u>horizontal bargraph</u> track the evolution of the measurement at all times.

Units

Volt

- A Ampere
- Hz Hertz

V

- Ω Ohm
- F Farad
- °F Degree Fahrenheit
- °C Degree Celsius
- K Kelvin
- ms millisecond
- k kilo (kΩ kHz)
  - M Mega (MΩ MHz)
- n nano (nF)
- p pico (pF)
- μ micro (μV μA μF)
- m milli (mV mA mF)
- % Percentage

Symbols	Designation
AC	Measurement of the RMS AC signal
DC	Measurement of the DC signal
AC + DC	Measurement of the TRMS AC and DC signal
AUTO	Automatic range switching
Δ	Values relative to a reference
REF	Presence of a reference value in memory
HOLD	Storage and display of stored values
MAX	Maximum value
AVG	Mean value
MIN	Minimum value
PK+	Maximum peak value
PK-	Minimum peak value
.run r.un ru.n	Capacitance meter, acquisition in progress
	Frequency measurement impossible
0.L	Overshoot of the measurement capacities
V	Volt
Hz	Hertz
F	Farad
°C°F K	Degree Celsius, degree Fahrenheit, kelvin
Α	Ampere
%	Percentage
Ω	Ohm
ms	millisecond
<u> </u>	Symbol of the prefix nano-
р	Symbol of the prefix pico-
μ	Symbol of the prefix micro-
m	Symbol of the prefix milli-
k	Symbol of the prefix kilo-
М	Symbol of the prefix méga-
♪	Symbol of the audible continuity measurement
	Symbol of the measurement and testing of a semiconductor junction
-▶	Symbol of the Zener diode
Â	Warning, possibility of electric shock (*)
LEADS	Function selected incompatible with the connection of the lead
×	Bluetooth communication
• <del>در</del>	USB communication
	MLI 300Hz filter

(\*) When voltages exceeding 60 VDC or 25 VAC are measured, the symbol flashes on the display unit.

#### Switch

Changing from one setting to another resets the measurement mode. Around the switch, a fixed orange LED indicates which function is selected and an orange LED flashes for setup. During the charging cycle (OFF), each function LED lights by turns to indicate charging in progress.

In the centre, a "4 position" navigator is used for:

- 1. navigating up and down, to:
  - select a menu or a function,
  - manually select the range or graphic scale under "Range"
  - increment or decrement the selected variable.
- 2. navigating right and left, to:
  - move from one selected variable to another.



Keys of the switch		Short press	Successive short presses
	A	Current measurement in AC RMS	
	ŕ	Temperature measurement T and selection of the unit	Selection of the types of sensor: - Pt 100 or Pt 1000 - TCJ or TCK
	41-	Capacitance measurement	
	A	Current measurement by clamp, selection of AC, DC, or AC+DC coupling	Configuration of the "Clamp" menu: type of measurement, ratio, and unit
	÷G	Resistance measurement, audible continuity measurement, 100 Ohm range, diode test	Selection of the continuity, 1000hm or diodes functions
	HZ HZ	Frequency measurement	
	LowZ	AC voltage measurement (AC RMS) and selection of coupling	VlowZ
	Setup 	SETUP, on 3 levels	Setup 1/3, Setup 2/3, Setup 3/3



### Keypad

The keypad has the following function keys:



The keys are taken into account and applied when pressed. If the key press is validated, the instrument beeps.

The active keys on a long press are identified by "...": **Meas..., Mem... , Setup...** 

Function keys		Successive short presses	Long press…
	۴I	Selection of the function parameter	
	F2	Selection of the function parameter	
	F3	Selection of the function parameter	
	F4	Selection of the function parameter	
	Hold	Hold of the display Selection of RUN or HOLD	
	Meas.	Measurement menu on 2 levels, 1/2 or 2/2	Reset for SURV/PEAK/REL and CNT
	Mem	Start of an acquisition; second press, stop recording	Management and configuration of records
	Range	AUTO range change	
	Setup 	Selection of the configuration menus	Exit from the SETUP mode

### **Getting started**

#### **Preparation for use**

*Instructions before* When you use this multimeter, you must observe the usual safety rules, *starting up* which:

- protect you from electrical hazards,
- protect the multimeter from operator errors.

For your safety, use only the leads supplied with the instrument. Before each use, make sure that they are in perfect condition.

Power supply via the charger From 230V  $\pm 10\%$  mains (US version: 110V  $\pm 10\%$ ) with the specific charger delivered with the instrument (45 to 65 Hz). The mains connector is on the side of the multimeter.

Powering up, down

Press the key opposite, on the left front panel of the instrument, to switch it on or off. A switching-off page reports the switching off of the active multimeter.

Automatic current measurement detection The number of input terminals is limited to 3: **V**, **COM**, **A**. Connecting the lead to the "Ampere" terminal automatically selects the corresponding function.

When a change of function from the control keypad is incompatible with the connection of the lead, an audible and visual alert is triggered (LEADS).

Automatic power down

The current measurement is made in automatic range mode over the whole span.

Validate the function by the **Standby** menu: the device stops automatically after 30 minutes of operation if during this time there has been no action on the front panel and if the multimeter remains immobile. The device is switched back on by the () key.

Automatic switching off is disabled in:

- Surveillance mode → SURV
- Record mode → MEM
- **Communication** mode (isolated USB optical link, Bluetooth) when the quantity measured (Voltage or Current) on the inputs of the multimeter exceeds the danger threshold.

#### Alert signal An

- An intermittent audible signal is emitted:
  - in the "Voltage" setting, when the range is exceeded (**MANUal** and **AUTO** mode last range)
  - \* in the "Current" setting, when the range is exceeded (MANUal mode), starting from a measurement of 10 Amperes
    - when the connection of the leads is incompatible with the function selected
- \* when the danger thresholds are exceeded (if the function is validated) When the range is exceeded, the audible signal is accompanied by display of the "**O. L**" acronym.

When the 4 symbol is activated:

- \* the voltage on the "Volt" input exceeds 60 VDC or 25 VAC
- the current injected between the "Ampere" terminal and COM exceeds 10A
- \* the range (voltage or current) is exceeded in MANUAL mode

# **Functional description**

# 1. Description of the "SETUP" menu

літα

 Instrument configuration Setup Menu (1/3)



The **SETUP** menu configures the parameters of the multimeter according to the conditions of use and user's preferences.

(IR)

This menu proposes the main adjustments or the configuration of the multimeter on 3 levels. The configurations are kept in memory when the multimeter is switched off, if the **USER** mode (USR) is active. Otherwise, the instrument starts up with the **PLANT** configuration. The menu that is not available is shaded.

#### Level 1

SETUP menu (1/3) General configuration of the multimeter

#### SETUP menu (2/3) Configuration of the measurements



Pw supply





- UTIL: utility for adjusting the lighting, the standby mode, the audible beep of the keys, the language, and the internal clock on 2 configuration levels.
- **Comm**: for communication and adjustments of the IR/BT type, then the IR rate in baud, and the protocol, MODBUS or SCPI.
- **Power supply**: characterization of the internal power supply of the device or type of battery, Ni-MH or Alkaline primary battery, and capacity.
- **Measure**: configures the filter, the impedance, the reference in dBm and in power W.
- **Clamp**: configures the type of input, curren or voltage, the ratio indicated on the clamp, and the unit (default is A).
- Math: configures the type of measurement assigned to the mathematical channel and the values and unit of A and B of the function Ax+B.
- **Memory**: reminder of the files, of the number of records (1000 is default and 6500 max for the *MTX 3293*), and of the interval between records (1s is default; up to 23:59:59). See §. <u>Storage</u>.
- **Config:** choice of recall of the PLANT configuration or of the User (USR) or Basic (default value) start-up mode. See §. *Default configuration*.
- About: indicates the traceability of the multimeter: serial no., software and hardware versions.

### Level 2 ...

Sub-level 1/3

Display (1/2)



• Lighting: selection of 3 levels of back-lighting of the display unit in order to limit the power consumption of the multimeter, as follows: Eco, Normal, Max

The default level of extinction of the back-lighting is ECO, after 1min if there has been no action on the front panel of the multimeter.

- An internal accelerometer makes it possible to wake up the multimeter by simply touching the product with the adjustment selected.
- **Standby**: validation (default: yes) or not of automatic switching off after 30 min, if there has been no action on the front panel of the multimeter.

In the SURV, MEM, or Communication mode, automatic switching off is not validated.

 $\swarrow$  For your safety, automatic switching off is disabled when the quantities measured (voltage, current) on the input exceed the danger thresholds.

- Beep: validation (default) or not of the emission of an audible signal (beep) when:
   a key is pressed.
  - there is a voltage on the "V" input exceeding 605 VDC or 30 VAC,

- a stable measurement is captured in AUTO HOLD

The audible signal is maintained even when the buzzer is deactivated:

- in a continuity test,

- when a range is exceeded (voltage or current),

for a measurement of 10A or more,
when there is an incompatibility between the connections of the leads

and the function selected

- when the supply voltage (battery) is too low → blinking of the red batt indicator.

- The audible signal is maintained when the function is changed while recording is in progress (low-pitched beep).

#### Level 2

Sub-level 1/3 (continued)

Display (2/2)



Characterisation of instrument po

up Menu/Energy Capacity

Туре

er suppl

Exi

- Language: selection of the language used in the menus of the multimeter. Two options are possible: French (FR, the default) or English.
- Clock: selection of:
  - the date, format (01/01/2014 is default)
  - the time XX:XX:XX, or h:min:sec
  - selection of variables with the navigator



- Resolution 1s
- Type IR/BT: choice of communication: - IR/USB
  - Bluetooth
- IR Baud: parameterizing of the infrared transmission rate from among 9600/19200/38400 (default) baud; the other transmission parameters are fixed (8 data bits, 1 stop bit, no parity)
- Protocol: choice of MODBUS or SCPI
- Type: choice of type: - Ni-MH battery



 Capacity: parameterizing of the capacity of the storage battery in mAh, of the batteries installed (default is 2400mAh).

1. Place the storage batteries in the multimeter, then connect the charger.

The LEDs light alternately around the switch to indicate that charging is in progress.

**2.** Press ON to switch the multimeter on and track the course of the charging by plateau. Average charging time: 6h (with 2400mAh storage batteries).

After 1h of recharging, the multimeter is ready for measurements, by pressing ON again; the level of the plateaus acquired is valid only after a full charge of the instrument.

Power supply

Communication

#### Level 2... Sub-level 2/3

1. Measurement Configuration of the measurement parameters



dBm reference <00600× se the ar ows to enter the dBm re ΔΗΤΟ AC+D0 >88s Measurement configuration AC+DC W reference W=U2/REF or I2\*REF ۰0005<mark>0</mark>۰ Use the arrows to enter the W reference value

 Filter: active (Yes) or inactive (No) to improve frequency rejection during low-level measurements in VDC mode.

ur					
	Activate or deactivate input filtering				
Setup Menu/Measurement/Filter					
	No	Ves		Exit	

- Impedance: choice of desired input impedance in the 100 and 1000mV ranges between  $10/20M\Omega$  and  $1G\Omega$
- 100mVDC and AC+DC range:
- 2 possible impedances:  $1G\Omega$  or  $10M\Omega$  1,000mVDC range:

2 possible impedances: $1G\Omega$ or $20M\Omega$				
ĩ	Select the	input imped	lance to use	
Setup Menu/Measurement/Impedance				
1	I0/20MΩ	1 GΩ		Exit

- $\overset{d}{=}$  As default, 10mV range = 10M $\Omega$ , 1,000mV range = 20M $\Omega$
- dBm REF: adjustment of the reference in dBm Adjustment of the reference resistance (dBm REF) between  $1\Omega$  and

10000 $\Omega,$  for measurements in dBm from voltage VAC or VAC+DC

Selection of a digit by the navigation key and modification of the digit
Validation of the reference resistance in dBm and exit from the menu by "Ok".

### 🕙 Default value 600Ω.

Reminder: a measurement of 0dBm with a reference resistance of  $600\Omega$  is made using a voltage of 0.7746 VAC.

• W Ref: resistive power reference W

Adjustment of the reference resistance () between  $1\Omega$  and  $10,000\Omega$ , for resistive power measurements:

The calculation performed is: (measured voltage)<sup>2</sup>/W Ref (unit W) (measured current)<sup>2</sup>/W Ref (unit W)

Same adjustment as for the reference resistance in dBm.

#### 🕙 🛛 Default value 50 Ω.

W REF is used for the calculation of the resistive power (W) with REF = W Ref and the calculation of the power (V A) with V (Ref) = W Ref To calculate **VxA**, see §. <u>MEAS+</u>.

2. Clamp



3. Math



- The **CLAMP** function (y = Ax) enables the user, measuring a current with a current clamp in:
  - Volts x V/A
  - Amperes x A/A

to assign the ratio (or transformation ratio) and the appropriate unit, in order to obtain a direct reading of the measured current.

Depending on the quantity measured, the device calculates the function Ax associated with it.

The programming is in 3 stages:

- 1. Selection of the quantity measured, Measurement (V, A)
- Definition of the ratio A displayed on the clamp Val1/ Val2 or: xxxx.XA/xxxx.XV (default is 1A/1V)
- 3. Definition of the physical unit to be displayed (default is A)
- The ratio A and the unit can be programmed for each quantity measured (V, A).
- The MATH function (y = Ax + B) enables the user, measuring any physical quantity in:
   Volts (process 0-10V or high-voltage probe,

for example) - Amperes 4-20mA current loop or current clamp, for example)

- Frequency (measurement of flow rates, speeds of rotation, for example)

- Ohms (resistive position sensor, for example)

to convert it and assign the appropriate unit, in order to obtain a direct reading of the original quantity on the instrument.

Depending on the quantity measured, the device calculates the MATH function associated with it.

The programming is in 4 stages:

- Selection of the quantity measured (V, A, Ω,Hz)
- 2. Definition of the coefficient A of the function y = Ax + B
- 3. Definition of the coefficient B of the function y = Ax + B
- 4. Definition of the physical unit to be displayed by the navigator (Upper-case and lower-case)
- The coefficients A and B and the unit can be programmed for each quantity measured (V, A, Ω, Hz).

#### Level 2... Sub-level 3/3

1. Memory



2. Config



#### Reminder:

- of the files recorded
- of the number of records (1000 is default; 6500 max. for *MTX* 3293),
- of the interval between records (1s is default; up to 23:59:59).
   See §. <u>Storage</u>.
- Maximum of 10 sequences recorded

#### Choice of recall:

- of the PLANT configuration
- of the **User** (USR) or **Basic** (default) start-up mode
- In the **User** mode, the instrument restarts in the user's personal configuration (Setup and Measurement menus) and in the function selected when switched off; in the V and A functions, the coupling remains in AC+DC.
- In the **Basic** mode, the multimeter starts up in its elementary configuration (default values) and Volt function (AC+DC).
- Restart configuration given assuming no leads connected. If they are connected, the connections will be taken into account in the selection of the function.

Multimeter traceability information:

- serial no.
- software versions
- hardware version

3. About



### 2. Description of the "Keypad" keys



Management and hold of the display





Three operating modes are possible:

- the **RUN** mode  $\rightarrow$  HOLD inactive
- the HOLD mode→ [F2]
- the AUTO HOLD mode→ [F3]
- The **HOLD** mode freezes on the screen the main measurement in progress at the time of the press. The instrument continues to manage the measurements and to display them in the graphic window or on the secondary display unit (**REL** mode).

The type of range selection remains the same: AUTO or MANUAL depending on the configuration when this mode was entered.

• The AUTO HOLD mode automatically freezes on the screen the main measurement in progress each time a stable measurement is detected. It is confirmed by the emission of an audible beep (if the "No beep" configuration was not selected in the Configuration menu).

The stored values remain displayed until the next stable measurement is made (measurement different by ±100 digits) or until the **AUTO HOLD** mode is exited by **RUN**. The instrument continues to manage the measurements and to display them in the graphic window or on the secondary display unit (**REL** mode).

The type of range selection remains the same (in AUTO or MANUAL) depending on the configuration when this mode was entered. The AUTO HOLD mode is available only for V and A measurements.

### 2. Meas key

Level 1/2





- 3 levels of advanced measurements are possible:
- TREND
- REL
- SURV
- TREND: selects graphic display of the trend buffer.

• **REL**: takes the main measurement in progress as reference. It is transcribed on the secondary display unit: REF.

- The main display continues to indicate the instantaneous measured value, as does the bargraph.

- The  $\Delta$  secondary display indicates the absolute difference between the instantaneous measured value and the recorded reference.

- The  $\Delta$ % secondary display indicates the relative difference in % between the instantaneous measured value and the recorded reference.

- Management of the ranges is "AUTOmatic" or "MANUal" depending on the configuration when the mode was entered.
- The ∆ and ∆% display units are managed in the same range.
   In the "AUTO" mode, they cannot fall below the range of the reference when the
- E.g.: Measurement of a voltage of VDC with a reference set to x V:

REL mode was entered.

When the mode is active, a long press on key [F1] Init or [F2] Enter Ref opens a window for setting reference REF.

The navigator key is used to modify the digit.

Are set of REF by a long press on Meas ...





• **SURV**: monitors the variations of a signal, recording the extremes (MIN, MAX) of the main measurement and calculating its mean (AVG).

			>88s
Secondary measurement display selection			
Measuremer	nt Menu (172	)	
TREND	REL	SURV	

For each quantity stored, the multimeter records the corresponding date and time.

When the SURV mode is entered by Start [F1], the last MIN and MAX measurements are erased, then initialized with the present measurement; to stop this mode, press [F2] stop; [F3] to look up.

• AVG is the calculated mean of all measurements made since the activation of the SURV mode.

- The recorded data can be looked up by pressing Look up key [F3].
- In the SURV mode:
  management of the MANU or AUTO range management cannot be selected.
  the present measurement, the MIN value, and the MAX value are presented in the ranges best suited to each of them.

The recorded data are accompanied by the date and time, along with the surveillance range.

- Please update your multimeter before starting a SURVeillance campaign (automatic synchronization).
- Reset of the MIN/MAX values by a long press on Meas ...

#### Level 2/2



• SPEC: directly displays the tolerance of the measurement in progress; there is no need to search for it and calculate it.

Secondary measurement display selection				
Measurement Menu (2/2)				
t.	OPEU	MEAOT	EXIL	

From the main measurement, the display:

- recalls the specifications (x% L ±n D) according to the type of measurement, the range selected and the frequency (in AC and AC+DC)
- calculates the range in which the true value lies, if the device is within its tolerance:
   SMIN value → minimum specification
   SMAX value → maximum specification
- MEAS+: gives access to the secondary measurements (see <u>table</u> in the Appendix).
   Secondary measurement display selection



Choice of secondary functions on display units 2, 3, and 4 by selection using the navigator, according to the main measurement, and validation by OK.

A long press on MEAS... is used to exit from this menu.

- When a main measurement is chosen, the last secondary functions selected are reactivated.
- Opposite, example of measurements available in VAC+DC.

When dB measurements are activated, the measured value is taken as voltage reference (V ref). The calculation is the following: 20 log<sub>10</sub> (V measured/V ref).

# *d* The voltage reference (V ref) cannot be modified.

The MATH function is displayed when its parameters allow (see the MATH Function menu).

For dBm measurements and resistive power calculations, refer to the menu for the adjustment of the associated reference resistances (**dBm REF, W REF**) and the calculation formulas.

The power calculation **V**x**A** (VA) requires a third connection on the A input (connected to the same circuit), in order to measure simultaneously:

- the voltage (main display unit)

- the current (display unit 3), measurement always made in AC+DC.

The link to the COM input must be short and of large diameter, in order to limit the voltage drop, which influences the Volt measurement.

# 3. Mem... key

Storing of the measurements, recording mode

V AC+E Main	DC <u>88%</u> 005.67 m	))rcc VXA V A MATH	00000 VA 00000 μA 5.5663 V
007.07 m			
<u></u>			
004 55 m	/ Liac	e = Main	
Cursor ×	= 23:06:14	- 10:25:11	1/246
r rsor, E2 to	- 005.67 ii modifu the z	iv nom, E3 to c	hoose the me
Setup Menu	/Memory/File	es Open	
Cursor	Zoom	Trace	Exit
		r	

- The **MEM** mode records the content of the digital display(s) in the memory of the device at a pre-programmed rate.
- A short press on M∈m... starts a recording series.
- The **MEM** symbol is displayed in yellow during the whole recording period; it is accompanied by the number of records made.
- Another short press on Mem. stops the storage of the measurements.
- The number of values to be stored for a measurement campaign can be programmed: recording then stops automatically when t his number is reached.
- The records and the configuration can be looked up by a long press on Mem.
- Another press on Mem... recalls a series of records.

	6,500 measurements maximum <i>MTX</i> 3293	1 to 10 sequences (depending on memory available)
Recording capacity	1,000 measurements maximum <i>MTX 3292</i>	1 to 10 sequences (depending on memory available)



In this stage, it is possible to list the files and to configure the maximum number of records according to the version and the recording frequency or interval (1s is default).

- Select the **Files** menu in the **MEM function** to display the list of successive records.
- Each record is identified by its date and its start time.



(continued)



- Look-up of the recorded files under [F1] Files and selection by the navigator, then possibility:
  - of opening [F1],
- of deleting a selected sequence [F2],
  of deleting all recorded sequences [F3]
- Select the **Files** menu in the **MEM function** to display the list of successive records.
- Each record is identified by its date and its start time.
- The selection of a record is accompanied:

  by the number of values
  - recorded,
  - by the recording interval
    by the function in which they were made,

- by the secondary functions present during the recording, if any.

The number of recording sequences is limited to 10.



 Programming the number of records Defining a number of records for a measurement campaign makes it possible to stop recording automatically.

Selection of the max number of records using the navigator (6500 or 1000 measurements max.); default [F2] is 1000 records

If **MEAS+**, **SURV**, or **REL** secondary measurements are programmed, it will be necessary to make allowance for them in the depth of recording selected.

- Programming the recording frequency
- Selection of the digit to be modified by the navigator key.
- Modification of the value by the keys:



- Validation of the number of records by Ok [F1]
- Exit from the successive menus by the **Cancel** key [F4].

The recording capacity is limited to 6500 measurements (1000 for the **MTX 3292**).



(continued)



Validating **Freq.** by the [F3] key opens a menu for adjustment of the recording interval in hours, minutes, seconds

- Modification of the value using the keys of the navigator
- Validation of the interval of recording of the measurements and exit from the successive menus by the **Ok** key [F1].

The maximum recording interval is 23h, 59min, 59s. Default recording interval 1s.

Recall of a recording campaign on the multimeter (or on the PC using SX-DMM software, see the §. <u>SX-DMM</u> Software)

V.z AC Main	<b>738</b> 1acc 00.084 V	FREQ · PER ·	·	Hz ms	Ω	əin 1.0002 k	jiracc Ω	
999.68 V					1.0013	kΩ		
							~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	
					J <sup>III - M</sup>	┉⊥୵∟₩ᡢᠬᢧ᠆᠕	****	JAAAA WAAAA
00.084 V	Trace =	Main			0.8888	ikΩ Trac	e = Main	
Cursor X	= 20:06:14 - 16 = 00.084 V	:15:30	1	9/19	Cursor	X = 01:01:12 V = 1.0002 k	- 01:10:38 Ω	1/2183
💶 choose the	e measurement t	o trace a	nd F4 I	to exit	🤨 , F3 to	choose the me	asurement to	trace and F4
Setup Menu	/Memory/Files O	pen			Setup Me	enu/Memory/Fil	es Open	
Cursor	Zoom	Ггасе	Ex	it	Cursor	Zoom	Trace	Exit

A zoom is available, if the recorded value >MEM 220.

The curve displayed is adapted to the graphic window according to its min. and max. values and the number of records.

AC+D Main 006.39 mV	C <mark>188%)</mark> ∎005.60 m\ ⁄	NACC VXA V A MATH	00000 00000 5.5600	VA μA V
provedtown	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~			
	_			
005.60 mV Cursor X V	Trac: = 23:06:14 - = 005.60 m	e = Main · 10:20:12 V	1/	121
<ol> <li>Select mea</li> <li>Setuo Menua</li> </ol>	əsurement to /Memory/Πο	display amo en/Trace	ing those	ava
Main	VXA	A	MAT	н

 Selection of the Main function, by default, and display with Cursor selected.
 Zoom and Trace on MTX 3293 version only.

 Displacement of the cursor by the navigator
 moves the zoomed part (icon present, if a zoom is active)

- activates, deactivates a zoom (icon present, if a zoom is possible)
- Zoom of the trace by selection of the zone in red border in the upper part of the record
- But access to the secondary measurements to be displayed by pressing TRACE, then selection by keys [F2] to [F4],
- Selection of the function to be displayed
- 🖎 Example:
  - main function: V
  - -secondary function: FREQ, dB, MATH

If recording has been started, MEM is incremented and changes of function are not available (attempts produce a low-pitched beep), except for the SETUP menu, which can still be looked up. The acquisition in progress must be aborted (press MEM) to change a parameter, a function, or a configuration.

# 4. Range key

Management of ranges



Three operating modes can be accessed by the key:

- the AUTO mode  $\rightarrow$  [F1]
- the AUTO Pk mode → [F2]
- the **MANUEL** mode  $\rightarrow$  [F3]
- When a measurement is being acquired, the AUTO mode is active as default and range selection is managed automatically by the multimeter.
- In the AUTO PEAK mode, changes of range occur only when the acquisition of a higher peak makes a higher range necessary.

The AUTO PEAK mode is available only on AC and AC+DC measurements in V and A. It avoids the untimely overshoot of the peak factor specified for the instrument.

• When the **MANUAL** mode is selected and it is valid for the function concerned,

the **v** keys of the navigator allow a change of the measurement range.

<u>Measurements concerned</u>: voltage, current (in series or clamp), resistance, capacitance

### How are the various quantities measured?



installations, in order to avoid the measurement of a "phantom" voltage due to coupling between lines.

Pressing **MEAS...** gives access to the secondary measurements of the main function.

See table of secondary measurements in the Appendix.

#### 1. in VAC+DC and VAC:

- the frequency, the period, and the mathematical function: .....FREQ\_PER\_MATH
- the frequency, the measurement in dB, and the mathematical function: FREQ DB MATH
- the power measurement in dBm, its reference, and the mathematical function:
- .....DBM\_REF\_MATH
- the measurement of Peaks+ then and the peak factor: .....PK+ PK- CF
- the resistive power, its reference, and the mathematical function: .......W REF MATH - the power VxA, the current A, and the mathematical function: ......VxA\_A\_MATH
- 2. in VDC:
- the mathematical function: MATH
- the resistive power, its reference, and the mathematical function: ......W\_REF\_MATH
- the power VxA, the current A, and the mathematical function: ...... VxA A MATH

#### 3. in VLowZ:

- the mathematical function: ......MATH - the frequency, the period: ......FREQ\_PER

measurements Meas.../MEAS+ How can one obtain the secondary quantities

Secondarv

of the voltage measurement? By pressing Meas... → MEAS+ → Selecting the line (shaded, opposite)

1. Voltage measurement (continued)



Process

	Осом 	
AUTO	SURV	8% IGAT USR 🛨
	.607	73v
	0.004	
MIN	2.2914	
MIN	2.2914 SURV consu	V Itation
MIN Min: 1 Max: 1	2.2914 SURV consu Start: 15/07/2014 Stop: In prog 2.2914 V - 15/07 4.6073 V - 15/07 Avg: 4.439	V attation 4 08:20:29 ress 7/2014 08:20:30 7/2014 08:21:11 30 V
MIN Min: 1 Max: 1	2.2914 SURV consu Start: 15/07/2014 Stop: In prog 2.2914 V - 15/07 4.6073 V - 15/07 Avg: 4.435 to continue	V #08:20:29 ress //2014/08:20:30 //2014/08:21:11 30 V
MIN S Min: 1 Max: 1 Press F1 Message M	2.2914 SURV consu Start: 15/07/2014 Stop: In prog 2.2914 V - 15/07 4.6073 V - 15/07 Avg: 4.433 to continue enu	V Itation 4 08:20:29 ress 7/2014 08:20:30 7/2014 08:21:11 30 V

The zoom is available only if the records are >220 measurements.



The 100mV range is present only

in MANUAL mode, by Range

In all cases, "OL" is displayed above 1050V and a beep sounds when the measurement exceeds 600V.

The hazardous voltage symbol is displayed if "V" exceeds 60 VDC or 25 VAC

- Press on the V function, then select the coupling according to your measurements: AC, DC, AC+DC, LowZ (AC is default).
- 2. Connect the black lead to the COM terminal and the red lead to V.
- Read the measurement indicated on the display unit; the graph of trend values >88s is displayed on the screen or selection of secondary measurement *Meas.../MEAS*+ (4 display units max).
- It is possible to activate an MLI filter (SETUP/Measurement/filter/yes) for measurements on a variator: the cutoff frequency of the filter <300Hz.</li>
- 5. It is possible to display the **spec**ifications of the range for metrology or a RELative measurement.
- 6. Surveillance of voltage by activation by *Meas…/SURV*
- Recording of data internal to the multimeter:
   Mem → to start the campaign
  - Mem  $\rightarrow$  to stop the campaign

- then look-up of the data by long press on Mem...

- Processing of the measurements: plot of the main measurement and display of the secondary measurements.



### 2. Direct measurement of current

Main measurement A in series in a circuit The current is the flow of electrons through a conductor.

To measure the current, you must open the circuit to be checked and connect the inputs of the multimeter in series in the circuit.

Selection of the coupling from among:

- alternating current measurement AC [F1] or
- direct current measurement DC [F2] or
- alternating current measurement superposed on a direct voltage **AC+DC** [F3], at high impedance.

### Direct measurement

of a current,



- 1. Press function A, then select the coupling according to your measurements: AC, DC, AC+DC (AC+DC is default)
- 2. Connect the black lead to the COM terminal, the red lead to A, and the probe tips in series between the source and the load as shown below:



- 3. Read the measurement indicated on the main display unit.
- 4. Look up the graph of the trend values >88s if it is activated.
- Look up the secondary measurements if they are activated (activated by Meas... → MEAS+).
- 6. It is possible to display the specifications of the range for metrology or a RELative measurement.
- 7. Surveillance of voltage **SURV** or Recording **MEM** of data internal to the multimeter

"OL" is displayed if the current available I >20A.

Reminder

When the device is in use in the 10A range, it can withstand an overload of 20% for one hour.

A overload of 20A is acceptable for 30 seconds max., with a pause of at least 5 minutes between measurements. Reminder: Breaking capacity of the fuse = circuit 11A/1000V/>18kA

- the resistive power, its reference and MATH function : ......W\_REF\_MATH

3. Current measurement with clamp

Key:

To avoid opening a circuit, we recommend measuring the current with a current clamp, output A or V (Ax function).

To do this, proceed as follows:

a) Activate the clamp function and, depending on the type of clamp connected, double-press "Clamp" or use the setup/clamp menu.

b) Select the type of Measurement clamp output (V, A)

c) Define ratio A displayed on the clamp Val1/Val2 or xxxx.Xa/xxxx.Xv

(by default 1A/1V) to be incorporated (Ok to Validate, or Cancel).

d) Define the physical unit to be displayed (default: A): 3 programmable fields

**Reminder** The clamp function includes a precise ratio xxxx.XA/xxxx.XV or XA, making it possible to connect a broad range of current clamps that you will find in the CHAUVIN ARNOUX catalogue; it is however necessary to verify that the input/output range of the clamp matches the ranges available on the multimeter. The accuracy of this "clamp" function depends on the accuracy of the clamp and of the range used on the multimeter.



measurements in this quantity

# 4. Frequency measurement

Connecting the multimeter







Select the Hz function to measure the frequency of the voltage Measurement of the period is accessible as a secondary measurement If the MLI filter is activated, the frequency that can be measured remains within the pass band limit of the 300Hz filter. Below 10Hz, or if the signal is too weak, the value is forced to "--" Possibility of selection of the range by "Range+ or --" or of the manual freq. F <200kHz (default) or F >200kHz

Secondary measurements Meas/MEAS+	<ul> <li>Pressing MEAS gives access to the measurements of the main function:</li> <li>1. DUTY CYCLE: duty cycle DCY+ or DCY-</li> <li>2. CNT+ and CNT-: counting of pulses</li> <li>3. PW+ and PW-: pulse width</li> <li>See <u>table of secondary measurements</u> in the Appendix.</li> </ul>
How can one obtain the secondary quantities of the Hz frequency measurement? By pressing Meas → MEAS+ → Selecting the line (shaded, opposite)	<ul> <li>the mathematical function associated:</li></ul>

1. Duty Cycle or duty cycle, positive DCY+ or negative DCY- Display of the measurement in % of a logical signal (TTL, CMOS, etc.)

ר ך

DCY+ duty cycle DCY- duty cycle





The DCY duty cycle mode is optimized to measure the active or inactive intervals of switching signals or logical signals. Electronic fuel injection systems and switching power supplies, in particular, are controlled by pulses of variable width that can be verified by a duty cycle measurement.

2. CNT+ and CNTor positive or negative pulse counting



Depending on the triggering conditions of the frequency counter, calculation of the positive or negative pulses

Minimum pulse duration 5µs

Counting up to 99999

Triggering threshold 10% of range except for range 1000 VAC

This threshold is positive in  $\square$ , negative in  $\square$ 

#### Reset of CNT by long press on MEAS... For negative events, cross the leads.

The pulse width function  $\theta$  measures the duration during which the signal is low or high. The waveform measured must be periodic; its curve must repeat at intervals of equal duration.

Depending on the triggering conditions of the frequency counter, measurement of the pulse width in ms.

Resolution 10µs

Minimum pulse width 100µs

Accuracy 0.05%  $\pm 10 \mu s$  Maximum duration of a period 12.5s

Triggering threshold 20% of the range except for the 1000 VAC range

d For negative events, cross the leads.

3. PW+ and PWor positive

or negative pulse width



5. Resistance measurement



ohms ( $\Omega$ ). For this purpose, it sends a weak current through the measurement leads to the circuit being tested. The input (+, COM) must not have been overloaded by the accidental

application of a voltage on the input terminals with the switch set to  $\Omega$  or T<sup>o</sup>.

The multimeter measures resistance (opposition to the flow of current) in





Resistance measurement

- Selection of range: automatic or manual
- "Active" protection: by PTC thermistor
- Measurement voltage: approx. 1.2V
- Max. open-circuit voltage: 4V typical

Because the measurement current of the multimeter takes all possible paths between the probe tips, the resistance measured in a circuit is often different from the nominal resistance.

The measurement leads can add from  $0.1\Omega$  to  $0.2\Omega$  of error to resistance measurements. To test the leads, touch the probe tips together and note the resistance of the leads.

To eliminate the resistance of the leads from the measurement, keep the probe tips together, press the Meas... function key, then REL, and integrate this measurement as REF.

A MATH secondary measurement is active in resistance measurement.

All measurements made then indicate the resistance between the probe tips.

#### Ohm



In the 50 M $\Omega$  range, in order to avoid the influence of the mains and guarantee the stated specifications, it is best to disconnect the multimeter from the Wall Plug.

For measurements greater than 10  $M\Omega,$  a shielded lead is recommended.

For a 2-wire link, use very short wires (<25cm) and twist them together.

100 Ohm measurements



Press the F3 key to access this function.

So as not to damage the circuit tested, note that the multimeter provides a current of approximately 10mA max. at an open-circuit voltage of 28 volts max.

For low resistance measurements, <100 Ohm, this single range provides good resolution.

6. Audible continuity measurement





Measurement of a resistance up to  $1000\Omega$  , with continuous 4kHz audible indication.

Power the circuit down before making any measurement.

The continuity test monitors the circulation of the current in a complete resistive circuit. The continuity function detects open-circuits and intermittent short-circuits lasting as little as one millisecond.

If a short-circuit is detected, an audible beep sounds. If the circuit is open, **OL** is displayed.

Detection threshold in continuity mode:  $\approx 20\Omega$  (response time <10ms) "Active" protection by PTC thermistor Max. open-circuit voltage: 3.5V.



Connecting the multimeter

#### 7. Diode test



**4**V

This function performs a diode forward voltage check to verify:

- diodes,
- transistors,
- silicon-controlled rectifiers (thyristors)
- and other semiconductor components.

This function tests a semiconductor junction by passing a current through it and measuring the voltage drop across the junction.

Indication of the junction voltage in the forward direction from 0 to 2.6V in a single range (10V range): forward polarization.



Reading of the threshold voltage; if the circuit is open or the threshold of the diode >4V, the indication is OL.

forward polarization of diode

Zener diode or LED: selecting this diode applies the same function as for the diode above but with a maximum voltage of 26V and a maximum current of 10mA.

26V



Connecting the multimeter



8. Capacitance measurement

Capacitance characterizes the ability of a component to store an electric charge. The unit of capacitance is the farad (F). Most condensers/capacitors lie within the range from nanofarads (nF) to microfarads ( $\mu$ F).

The multimeter measures capacitance by charging a capacitor with a known current for a known time and measuring the resulting voltage. The result is the capacitance.



Measurement of the capacitance of a capacitor with a resolution of 1000pts

**"Run**" appears when the measurement is in progress.

With large capacitances, the display of "**RUN**" lasts longer.

**"OL**" is displayed if the value to be measured exceeds the range limits or if the capacitor is short-circuited.

AUTO range selection, automatic (default) or manual: Range + or Range -"Active" protection by PTC thermistor Maximum open-circuit Voltage: 1V typ., 4V max.

 Use the REL function for values <10% of the range in order to restore the residual zero (compensation for the capacitance of the leads)

For measurements <10nF, a shielded lead is recommended. For a 2-wire link, use very short wires (<25cm) and twist them together.</li>
 Use the REL function to compensate for the error introduced by the measurements leads. In REL mode, changes of range are not available.



# Connecting the multimeter

Key:

### How are the various quantities measured? (continued)

9. Temperature measurement

To measure a temperature:

Connect the sensor to the V and COM terminals, making sure to get the polarity right.

- 1. Choose the unit: °C (Celsius), K (Kelvin) or °F (Fahrenheit).
- 2. Select ".../...".
- 3. Choose the type of sensor.



#### 9. Temperature measurement (continued)

Connecting a K or J thermocouple with the temperaturecompensated plug (option)







Measurement of the temperature in °Celsius using a thermocouple between the V and COM terminals K thermocouple from -40°C to +1200°C or TCJ (J thermocouple) from -40°C to +750°C

Without a TK thermocouple, you can determine the ambient temperature inside the multimeter with a bridge between the V and COM terminals.

The keys of the navigator are used to change the scale of the graphic window. The scale selected is transcribed in the help line.

### TJ Same measurement as TK

In TK and TJ, it is best to avoid subjecting the instrument to sudden changes of temperature, to preserve accuracy.

**10. Measurement on** an MLI type speed variator

The multimeter has a low-pass AC filter that blocks voltages or currents at undesirable frequencies.

The MLI filter is activated as follows: Setup  $\rightarrow$  Measurement  $\rightarrow$  Filter YES: a symbol then appears on the screen.

Connecting the multimeter to filter a voltage >300Hz



Connecting the multimeter to filter a current >300Hz



Icon: filter programmed

The multimeter continues the measurements in the chosen mode, AC, AC+DC, or VlowZ, but the signal goes through a filter that blocks undesirable voltages >300Hz.

The low-pass filter improves measurement performance on the composite sinusoidal signals often generated by inverters and variable-speed motors.

# 11. Surveillance mode



The **SURV** mode (available under **MEAS...**) monitors the variations of a signal, recording the extremes (**MIN** and **MAX**) of the main measurement and calculating its mean (**AVG**).

For each quantity stored, the multimeter records the corresponding date and time.

This mode is active for the following functions:

V, Hz, Ohm, clamp, capacitance, temperature, and current.

Integration time at least 200ms, programmable according to your configuration: **Start** → **Stop**, then lookup of the quantities on the screen, in a specific window.



It is possible to recover a screen grab of this window under our SX-DMM software, but this mode cannot be stored in the instrument.

Reset of the MIN/MAX values by a long press on MEAS...

The rapid peak measurements are available in the **MEAS**, **MEAS+**, **PK+** and **PK-** secondary measurements for the following measurement functions: V and A (AC, AC+DC); integration time less than 250µs.

Reset of the values by a long press on MEAS...

AUTO

П СОМ

PEAK



12. Graphic mode

This can be accessed by default under **Meas...**  $\rightarrow$  **Trend** and is used to display the evolution of the quantity measured with respect to a fixed time scale >88s; the vertical scale may be automatic or manual (range selection).

This mode is available on all main functions measured.

#### 13. RELative mode



This mode indicates that the value displayed is relative to a reference value.

It is available for the following measurement functions: V, Hz, Ohm, clamp, capacitance, temperature, and current.

14. SPEC mode

		A DOV CAT III	38400 IR MODBUS
	60	<b>74</b> .	AC+DC
			umhunul
SMIN	4.5905	۷	
SMAX	4.6242	۷	
	0.3%, 3	<b>30</b> digits	
Secondary	/ measureme it Menu (2/2)	nt display sel	ection
	SPEC	MEAS+	Exit

Using the internal technical specifications of the multimeter, the **SPEC** mode directly displays the tolerance on the measurement in progress, with no need to look for it and calculate it.

This mode is very useful for the metrology of the instrument.

#### 15. MEAS+ mode

It gives access to the secondary measurements of the main measurement: a maximum of 3 secondary measurements can be displayed. Refer to the <u>Table of</u> <u>secondary measurements</u> in the Appendix.

This mode is available in **MEAS...**  $\rightarrow$  **MEAS+** for the following measurement functions: V, Hz, Ohm, and current.

# 16. MATH modeThe MATH function y = Ax + B (A and B configurable in Setup $\rightarrow$ Math $\rightarrow$ CoeffA and B) enables the user, measuring an arbitrary physical quantity in:<br/>- Volts $(\succeq e.g.: process 0-10V or high-voltage probe)$

- Amperes (: 4-20mA current loop or current clamp)
- Frequency (Section Measurement of flow rates, speeds of rotation)
- Ohms (:: resistive position sensor)

to convert it and assign the appropriate unit so as to obtain a direct reading of the original quantity on the instrument.

It is available via **Meas...**  $\rightarrow$  **MEAS+**  $\rightarrow$  **MATH** under the following measurement functions: V, Hz, Ohm, and current.

### **SX-DMM Software**

SX-DMM: Processing software

These multimeters can be interfaced directly with a PC or other computer using "SX-DMM" acquisition software:

#### In the "General adjustments" menu of the multimeter:

- Select infrared communication (IR is default) by the Comm. function or BT if BT version multimeter
- Select the Modbus communication protocol
- Parameterize the infrared transmission rate by the **IR baud** function: **9600/19200/38400** Baud.
- The default transmission rate is 38400 Baud.

The other transmission parameters are fixed (8 data bits, 1 stop bit, no parity).



- Connection of the isolated USB optical lead supplied
- 1. Connect the isolated optical lead to the isolated optical input of the multimeter (on the side of the multimeter). Mechanical polarization prevents connection in reverse.

Connect the USB lead to one of the USB ports of the PC.

2. Install the USB driver on your PC (see the data sheet on the CD provided).



Installing the "SX-DMM" software

- 1. Install the "SX-DMM" software on the PC using the CD.
- 2. Start the software for data acquisition and study the various display possibilities (curves, tables, etc.).
- The symbol appears on the display unit when the instrument is controlled from the PC (REMOTE mode).

For more information, refer to the "Help" menu of the software.

-

### **Bluetooth Module**

Didelootii Mo	uule			
The -BT version multimeters are equipped with a Bluetooth module. They incorporate the Serial Port Profile service, making it possible to communicate with a computer equipped with any type of Bluetooth ad If your computer does not have a Bluetooth module, the USB/Bluetoot for PC (ref. P0 1102112) will be necessary. For the installation of these drivers, refer to the data sheet that comes Virtual RS232 serial communication between the multimeter (Server) ( Client) requires the creation of a connection at the PC end. No configuration is necessary at the multimeter end, other than activa Bluetooth communication ( <b>BT</b> ) using the <b>Comm.</b> function in the " <b>Util</b> "				
	🥙 To a "000	ctivate connection with the multimeter, the Bluetooth identification code is: 10".		
(for first-time	Step	Action		
connection only)	1	Switch the multimeter on.		
	2	Configure it for Bluetooth (BT) in the setup menu.		
	3	<ul> <li>Create a new connection with the software driving your Bluetooth module at the PC end by:</li> <li>clicking the <b>Bluetooth Manager</b> icon of the menu bar at the bottom of the screen</li> </ul>		
		selecting the "Add a peripheral" function		
		<ul> <li>selecting the Bluetooth peripheral of the multimeter, then clicking Next</li> </ul>		
		clicking <b>Next</b> after configuring a COM port number x		

You can verify that the connection has in fact been created by viewing the icon associated with the multimeter in the window.

For more information, refer to the Help menu that comes with the Bluetooth utility.

# Example of creation of com4

Propriétés de :	MTX0 0000000	
Général Matérie	Services Bluetooth	
П мтхо	00000000	
Fonctions du pé	iriphérique :	
Nom		Туре
Then serie su	r Bluetooth standard (COM4)	Ports (COM e
Détails des fond	tions du périphérique	
Employment :	aur Párisbáraus Plustaeth (TD)	amtacala RECOMM #
cuipiacement :	Sur renprienque bluetootri (TD	r protocole i nPCOMIMI) #2
Cldl .	Ce periprienque fonctionne con	ectement.
		Propriétés

Port	Direction	Nom
COM13	Entrant	MTX0 0000000
COM4	Sortant	MTX0 00000000 'Serial port'

### **Bluetooth Module (continued)**

Configuration of the link under SX-DMM with port COM4

- Communication
   Instrument

   Channel
   COM
   Instrument

   1
   Image: Second second
- With some Bluetooth adapters, a reboot of the PC is recommended to validate the connection.
   The connection parameters are specific to each multimeter.
   They must be assigned manually,

the first time only.

Reactivation of the connection after an interruption or to look up the COM port number

> Communication with several multimeters

- Click the Bluetooth Manager icon of the menu bar at the bottom of the screen.
- Click the icon associated with the multimeter in the peripheral management window and note the COM port number created

The USB/Bluetooth adapter for PC makes it possible to communicate with several multimeters of the MTX Mobile family at once.

The connection procedure above must be repeated for each multimeter and a different COM port assigned to each of them.

### Technical characteristics of the MTX 3292, MTX 3293

(see CEI 485)

Accuracy: Only values with tolerances or limits are guaranteed values. "n% L+n D" means Values without tolerances are given for guidance (standard NFC42670). "n% of the reading The technical specifications are guaranteed only after 30 minutes of warming up. Except + n Digit" as otherwise indicated, they are valid from 5% to 100% of the measurement range.

#### **DC voltage**

In the "DC" mode, you measure a direct voltage or the DC component of an AC voltage.

The 100mV range is available only in manual mode, by	Range"

MTX 32

92	Range	Input impedance	Resolution	Protection	Accuracy
	100mV (*)	10MΩ/1GΩ	1µV		0.1% L + 30 D
	1,000mV	11MΩ/1GΩ	10µV		0.05% L + 8 D
	10V	10.5MΩ	0.1mV	1,414 Vpk	0.000/ 1. + 0.D
	100V	10MΩ	1.0mV		0.03% L + 8 D
	1,000V	10MΩ	10mV		0.035% L + 8 D

(\*) - REL mode activated ( $\Delta$  measurement)

- Recovery after triggering of the protection (>10V) approx. 10 s.

- Protection 1 minute max.

Specifications valid from 0% to 100% of the range Rejection: 100mV range

common mode: > 40dB at 50Hz and 60Hz

1V range 10V range common mode: > 70dB at 50Hz and 60Hz common mode: >100dB at 50Hz and 60Hz

> 60dB at 50Hz and 60Hz serial mode:

Automatic or manual selection of the ranges Protection by varistors

MTX 3293	Range	Input impedance	Resolution	Protection	Accuracy	
	100mV (*)	10MΩ/1GΩ	1µV		0.1% L + 30 D	
	1,000mV	20MΩ/1GΩ	10µV		0.05% L + 8 D	
	10V	10.5MΩ	0.1mV	1,414 Vpk	0.02%   + 8 D	
	100V	10MΩ	1.0mV		0.02% L + 8 D	
	1,000V	10MΩ	10mV		0.03% L + 8 D	

(\*) - REL mode activated ( $\Delta$  measurement)

- Recovery after triggering of the protection (>10V) approx. 10 s.

- Protection 1 minute max.

Specifications valid from 0% to 100% of the range

		-
Rejection:	100mV range	common mode: > 40dB at 50Hz and 60Hz
	1V range	common mode: > 70dB at 50Hz and 60Hz
	10V range	common mode: >100dB at 50Hz and 60Hz
	-	serial mode: > 60dB at 50Hz and 60Hz

Automatic or manual selection of the ranges Protection by varistors

#### AC and AC + DC voltages

With this function, the user can measure the true RMS (TRMS) value of an AC voltage with its DC component (no capacitive coupling) or without its DC component.

VAC RMS The 100mV range is available only in Manual mode, by " Range ".

VAC+DC TRMS In the VAC & VAC+DC modes and for signals >1kHz, the range of uncertainty *VlowZ* displayed is given for information only: we recommend using the formulas below.

VLowz: The error should be slightly greater than the error in VAC.

### MTX 3292

Banga	Input	Resolution	Accuracy		
Range	impedance	Resolution	45Hz to 1kHz	1 to 100kHz	
100mV (*)	10MΩ	1µV	1% L ± 50 D	1%L + 0.1% x [F(kHz) - 1]L ± 50D	
1,000mV (*)	11MΩ	10µV	0.5% L ± 50 D	0.5%L+ 0.25% x [F(kHz) - 1]L ± 50D < 10kHz 2.75%L+ 0.04% x [F(kHz) - 10]L ± 50D > 10kHz	
10V	10.5MΩ	0.1mV	0.3% L ± 50 D	0.3%L + 0.04% x [F(kHz) - 1]L ± 50D	
100V	10MΩ	1mV	0.3% L ± 50 D	0.3%L+ 0.03% x [F(kHz) - 1]L ± 50D	
1000V(**)	10MΩ	1mV	0.3% L ± 50 D	0.3%L+ 0.02% x [F(kHz) - 1]L ± 50D	

(\*) typical values

(\*\*) limitation at high frequency

(\*\*) BP: Freq [kHz] limited to: 15,000/U input [V] U input [V] limited to: 15,000/Freq [kHz]

- $\gg$  Example: U input = 1,000 Vac  $\rightarrow$  Max. frequency: 15,000/1,000 = 15kHz In the presence of a DC component: Additional error: (UDC/U measured)x(0.7% + 70 D)
- ➤ Example: UDC = 2V, U measured = 5 Vrms → Additional error: 0.28% + 28 D
  - Rejection: common mode >80dB at 50Hz or 60Hz depending on selection
  - Automatic or manual selection of the ranges
  - Protection by varistors
  - Maximum acceptable permanent voltage: 1,414 Vpk
  - Specifications valid from:
- 20 to 100% of the range in the band from 20kHz to 100kHz

#### (a) As soon as the PEAK symbol appears, use the AUTO PEAK mode.

Influence of the peak factor on the accuracy in VAC, VAC+DC at 50% of the range: 1% for a peak factor <3.

VAC RMS VAC+DC TRMS VlowZ The 100mV range is available only in Manual mode, by "Range ".

In the VAC & VAC+DC modes and for signals >1kHz, the range of uncertainty displayed is given for information only: we recommend using the formulas below.

VLowZ: The error should be slightly greater than the error in VAC.

MTX 3293

Input			Accuracy			
Range impeda	impedance	Resolution	45Hz to 1kHz	1 to 100kHz	100 to 200kHz	
100mV (*)	10MΩ	1µV	1% L ±50D	1%L + 0.1 % x [F(kHz) - 1] L ± 50D (*)	-	
1,000mV	11ΜΩ	10µV	0.5% L ±40D	0.5%L + 0.2 % x [F(kHz) - 10] L ± 40D < 10 kHz 2.3%L + 0.02 % x [F(kHz) - 10] L ± 40D > 10 kHz	12%L ± 50D (*)	
10V	10.5MΩ	0.1mV	0.3% L ±30D	0.3%L + 0.025 % x [F(kHz) - 1] L ± 30D	10%L ± 30D	
100V	10MΩ	1mV	0.3% L ±30D	0.3%L + 0.05 % x [F(kHz) - 1] L ± 30D	8%L ± 30D	
1,000V (**)	10MΩ	10mV	0.3% L ±30D	0.3%L + 0.05 % x [F(kHz) - 1] L ± 30D	-	

(\*) in the VAC mode (1G $\Omega$  only in VAC+DC, F = 50Hz)

(\*\*) limitation at high frequency

(\*) typical values

- (\*\*) BP: Freq [kHz] limited to: 15,000/U input [V]
  - U input [V] limited to: 15,000/Freq [kHz]
  - Example: U input = 1,000 VAC → Max. frequency: 15,000/1,000 = 15kHz In the presence of a DC component: Additional error: (UDC/U measured) x (0.7% L + 70 D)
  - ▷ Example: UDC = 2V, U measured = 5 Vrms  $\rightarrow$  Additional error: 0.28% L + 28 D
    - Rejection: common mode >80dB at 50Hz or 60Hz depending on selection
    - Automatic or manual selection of the ranges
    - Protection by varistors
    - Maximum acceptable permanent voltage: 1,414 Vpk
    - Specifications valid from: 20 to 100% of the range in the band from 20kHz to 200kHz

### As soon as the PEAK symbol appears, use the AUTO PEAK mode.

Influence of the peak factor on the accuracy in VAC, V at 50% of the range: 1% for a peak factor < 3.

#### **Currents**

Three possible modes: DC, AC, AC+DC

In DC mode, you can measure a direct current or the DC component of an alternating current.

In the AC and AC+DC modes, you can measure the true RMS (TRMS) value of an alternating current with/without its direct component (no capacitive coupling in "DC" mode).

Fuse: SIBA/5019906/11A (10x38-11000-DMI-30kA-CR 1000V, very rapid action).

#### DC

Range	Input impedance	Resolution	Protection	Accuracy
1,000µA	≈170Ω	10nA		0.1% L + 15 D
10mA	≈17Ω	0.1µA		
100mA	≈1,7Ω	1µA	11A	0.00% L + 0 D
1,000mA	≈0.17Ω	10µA	20A < 30s	0.15% L + 8 D
10A		100µA		0.5%   + 15 D
100A (**)	≈0.03Ω (*)	1,000µA		0.570 E + 15 D

(\*) with the fuse supplied with the device

(\*\*) 100A range limited to 20A

Specifications valid from 0% to 100% of the range

#### Limiting condition on the current

An overload of 20A is acceptable for 30 seconds max. with a pause of at least 5 minutes between measurements.

#### AC and AC+DC TRMS currents

	Input			Accuracy			
Range impedance		Resolution	Protection	45Hz to 1 kHz	1 to 20kHz	20 to 50kHz	
1,000µA	≈170Ω	10nA		0.5% L ±40 D	0.5% L + 0.25% x [F(kHz) -1] L ±30 D	-	
10mA	≈17Ω	0.1µA		0.3% L ±30 D	0.3% L + 0.1% x [F(kHz) -1] L ±30 l	C	
100mA	≈1.7Ω	1μΑ	11A	0.3% L ±30 D	0.3% L+ 0.1% x[F(kHz) -1] L ±30 [	)	
1,000mA	≈0.17Ω	10µA	20A<30s	0.3% L ±30 D	0.3% L + 0.1% x [F(kHz) -1] L ±30 D		
10A		100µA		0.4% L ±400 D	0.4% L + 0.15% x [F(kHz) -1] L ±40 D	-	
100A (**)	≈0.03Ω (*)	1,000µA		2.5% L ±40 D	2.5% L + 0.15% x [F(kHz) -1] L ±40 D		

(\*) with the fuse supplied with the device

(\*\*) 100A range limited to 20A

In the presence of a DC component: Additional error: (IDC/I measured)x(0.7% L + 70 D)

# A max. overload of 20A is acceptable for 30 s max. with a pause of at least 5 min between measurements.

From 7A, the measurement is limited to an ambient temperature of 40°C and a period of 1h30m, with a pause of at least 15 minutes between measurements. AUTO PEAK mode always activated. Detection of peaks of which the duration exceeds 250µs

#### mA and µA range:

Additional error 2% for a peak factor between 2.5 and 3 Additional error 15% for a peak factor between 3 and 4

<u>10A range</u>: Zero up to the peak factor of 2.5 at 100%

Specifications valid from 10% to 100% of the range for a sinusoidal current. Protection 1000 VRMS by HBC ceramic fuse

Fuse 1,000V, 11A >18kA Cos  $\phi$  >0.9 (10x38mm)

#### Voltage drop:

<u>In 1mA</u>	Voltage drop approx.	160mVRMS
<u>In 10mA</u>	Voltage drop approx.	180mVRMS
<u>In 100mA</u>	Voltage drop approx.	180mVRMS
In 1,000mA	Voltage drop approx.	180mVRMS

#### Frequency

Main frequency measurement

> AC signals

Resolution Protection Range Accuracy 0.0001Hz 0,8 to 10Hz 10 to 100Hz 0.001Hz 100 to 1,000Hz 0.01Hz 1,000Hz to 10kHz 0.1Hz 1414 Vpk 0.02% L ±10 D 10 to 1,00kHz 1Hz 100 to 1,000kHz 10Hz 1MHz to 5MHz 100Hz

The user can measure a voltage or a current and its frequency simultaneously.

Danga	Sensitivity (applicable only to rectangular signals)					
Range	100mV	1V	10V	100V	1,000V	
0.8Hz to 10Hz	15% of the range	25% of the range	15% of the range	15% of the range	15% of the range	
10Hz to 100kHz	10% of the range	20% of the	10% of the range	10% of the range	10% of the range (*)	
100 to 500kHz	(**)	range	20% of the range typ.	20% of the range(*)	20% of the range (*)	
500 to 1,000kHz			30% of the range typ.			
1MHz to 5MHz	-	-	50% of the range typ.	-	-	

(\*) Freq [kHz] limited to: 15,000/U input [V] U input [V] limited to: 15,000/Freq [kHz]

(\*\*) limited to 200kHz

The measurement is made by capacitive coupling.

Manual selection of freq. range, F <200kHz (default) or F >200kHz by a short press.

Selection of voltage range in manual mode possible, by a long press on the key opposite.

Input resistance:  $\approx 10M\Omega$  (Freq <100Hz)

Max. acceptable permanent voltage: 1,414 Vpk, see (\*)

Protection by varistors on the voltage input.

Secondary frequency measurement

Range	Accuracy	Resolution	Acceptable overload	
0.8 to 10Hz		0.0001Hz		
10 to 100Hz		0.001Hz		
100 to 1,000Hz		0.01Hz	1,450 Vcc	
1,000 to 10kHz	0.02% L + 8 D	0.1Hz	on 500mV range	
10 to 100kHz		1Hz		
100 to 200kHz		10Hz		

	Sensitivity (applicable only to rectangular signals) Vrms				
Range	100mV	1V	10V to 1,000V (*)	1,000 µA to 20A (**)	
0.8Hz to 5kHz	15% of the range	20% of the range	15% of the range	20% of the range	
5kHz to 50kHz	10% of the range	20% of the range	10% of the range	20% of the range	
50kHz to 100kHz	15% of the range	25% of the range	15% of the range		
100kHz to 200kHz	-	30% of the range	30% of the range	-	

(\*) Freq limited to [kHz]: 15,000/U input [V] U input [V] limited to [V]: 15,000/Freq [kHz]

 $(\ast\ast)$  at 50kHz for the «Ampere» range

The measurement is made by capacitive coupling.

Input resistance:  $\approx 10M\Omega$  (F <100Hz)

Protection by varistors on the voltage input.

#### Resistance

**Ohmmeter** In this setting, the user can measure a resistance.

#### Particular reference conditions:

The (+COM) input must not have been overloaded following the accidental application of a voltage to the input terminals with the switch set to  $\Omega$  or T°.

If this happens, the return to normal may take about ten minutes.

Protection: 850 Vpk

Range	Accuracy	Resolution	Protection
1,000Ω	0.1% L + 8 D	10mΩ	
10kΩ		100mΩ	
100kΩ	0.07% L + 8 D	1Ω	
1,000kΩ		10Ω	1,414Vpk
10MΩ	1% L + 80 D	100Ω	
100ΜΩ	3% L + 80 D R ≤ 50MΩ	1kΩ	

Automatic or manual range selection

"Active" protection by PTC thermistor

Measurement voltage: approx. 1.2V

Maximum open-circuit voltage: 3.5V typ.

In the 100M $\Omega$  range, in order to avoid the influence of the mains and guarantee the stated specifications, it is best to disconnect the multimeter from the Wall Plug. For measurements above  $5M\Omega$ , a shielded lead is recommended. For a 2-wire link, use very short wires (<25cm) and twist them together.

#### Capacity

Capacitance meter

In this setting, the user can measure the capacitance of a capacitor.

Range	Operating range	Specified measurement range	Resolution	Intrinsic error	Measurement current	Measurement time
1nF	0 to 1.000nF	0.100 to 1.000nF	1pF	2.5% L ± 15D	<10µA	≈400ms
10nF	0 to 10nF	0.1 to 10.00nF	10 pF	1% L ± 8D	<10µA	≈400ms
100nF	0 to 100.0nF	1 to 100.0nF	0.1nF	1% L ± 8D	<50µA	≈400ms
1,000nF	0 to 1,000nF	10 to 1,000nF	1nF	1% L ± 10D	<200µA	≈0.125s/µF
10µF	0 to 10.00µF	1 to 10.00µF	0.01µF	1% L ± 10D	<200µA	≈0.125s/µF
100µF	0 to 100,0µF	1 to 100.0µF	0.1µF	1% L ±10D	<500µA	≈0.125s/µF
1mF	0 to 1.000mF	0.1 to 1.000mF	1µF	1% L ± 15D	<500µA	≈17s/mF
10mF	0 to 10.00mF	0.5 to 10.00mF	10µF	1.5% L ± 15D	<500µA	≈17s/mF

(\*) Use the REL function for values <10% of the range in order to restore the residual zero (compensation for the capacitance of the leads)

Resolution 1,000 points Automatic or manual range selection "Active" protection by PTC thermistor Maximum open-circuit voltage: 1V typ./4V max.

For measurements above 10nF, a shielded lead is recommended. For a 2-wire link, use very short wires (<25cm) and twist them together.

#### Diode test (*in both modes*)

Indication of the junction voltage in the forward direction, from 0 to 2.6V in a single<br/>range (10V range)Accuracy2% L ± 30 DResolution0.1mVMeasurement current<0.5mA</td>Max. open-circuit voltage3.5V max.Indication of overshootin reverse direction"Active" protection by PTC thermistor1,414 Vpk

### **Audible continuity**

In this setting, you measure a resistance up to 1000 $\Omega$ , with continuous 4kHz audible indication.

Range	Accuracy	Resolution	Protection
1,000Ω	0.1% L + 8 D	10mΩ	
10kΩ		100mΩ	
100kΩ	0.07% L + 8 D	1Ω	1 414 Vok
1,000kΩ		10Ω	1,414 νρκ
10MΩ	1% L + 80 D	100Ω	
100MΩ	3% L + 80 D	1kΩ	

Detection threshold in continuity mode  ${\approx}20\Omega$  (response time <10ms) "Active" protection by PTC thermistor

Maximum open-circuit voltage: 3.5V 2V typ.

#### Temperature

Pt100/Pt1000

The user can measure the temperature by means of a Pt100/Pt1000 sensor.

Range	Measurement current		Resolution	Accuracy	Protection
-125°C to + 75°C	<1mA <0.1mA	(Pt100) (Pt1000)	0.1°C 	$\pm 0.5^{\circ}C$	850 Vok
-200°C to + 800°C	<1mA <0.1mA	(Pt100) (Pt1000)	0.1°C 	0.1% L ± 1°C 0.07% L ± 1°C	050 V pk

"Active" protection by PTC thermistor Display in °C/°F possible

# J and K thermocouples

Function	Internal temperature	External te	emperature
Type of sensor	Integrated circuit	K thermocouple	
Display range	1,000°C	1,000°C	10,000°C
	1,000°F	1,000°F	10,000°F
Specified measurement domain	-10.0°C to + 60.0°C	-40.0°C to + 999.9°C	+ 1,000°C to + 1,200°C
	+ 14.0°F to + 140.0°F	-40.0°F to + 1,831.8°F	+ 1,832°F to + 2,192°F
Uncertainty (note 1)	±3°C	1% L ±3°C	1% L ±3°C
	±5.4°F	1% L ±5.4°F	1% L ±5.4°F
Resolution	0.1°C	0.1°C	1°C
	0.1°F	0.1°F	1°F
Thermal time constant (note 2)	0.7 min./°C	Depending on model of sensor	
Detection of sensor open-circuit	No	Yes: indication of the internal temperature although the external sensor is connected	

Note 1: The stated accuracy in external temperature measurement does not take into account the accuracy of the K thermocouple.

Note 2: Operation of the thermal time constant (0.7 min/°C):

If there is a sudden variation of the temperature of the multimeter, by  $10^{\circ}$ C for example, the multimeter will reach 99% of the final temperature at the end of 5 time constants, or 0.7min/°Cx10°Cx5 cts = 35 min (to which must be added the constant of the external sensor)

Protection: 1,414 Vpk

#### **Rapid peak**

Secondary quantities	Ranges	Additional error	Protection
Peak V	100mV	3% L + 50 D	
t >500µs	to 1,000V		
Peak A	1,000µA	4% L + 50 D	1,414 V <sub>pk</sub>
t >500µs	to 20A	470 L ± 50 D	

Specifications valid from 20% of the range in A, 10% of the range in V The peak factor is calculated: CF = (Pk+ - Pk-)/2xVrms Additional error for 250µs < t < 500µs: 3%

#### **SURV**

```
MIN, MAX, AVG
```

Remark: measurements time-stamped only on the MTX 3292, MTX 3293
Accuracy and rate: same as Volt and Ampere measurement specifications

#### dBm mode

- Display of the measurement in dBm with respect to a resistance reference chosen by the user between  $1\Omega$  and  $10k\Omega$  (default value  $600\Omega$ ). Resolution 0.01dBm Absolute error in dBm 0.09 x relative err. VAC expressed in %
- Additional calculation error 0.01dBm Measurement span 10mV to 1,000V Protection 1,414 Vpk

#### dB mode

Display of the measurement in dB with the value measured when the mode was activated as voltage reference (V ref.). Resolution 0.01dB Absolute error in dB 0.09 x relative err. VAC expressed in % Additional calculation error 0.01dB Measurement span 10mV to 1,000V

1,414 Vpk

#### W ref resistive power

Display of the measurement in relative power with respect to a resistance reference choser by the user between  $1\Omega$  and  $10k\Omega$  (default value  $50\Omega$ ). (measured voltage)<sup>2</sup>/W Ref (W unit)

The function determined is:

Protection

Range Resolution Accuracy Max. measurement voltage Protection Unit of display

(measured current)<sup>2</sup> \* W Ref (W unit) DC, AC and AC+DC 100 μW 2 x accuracy in VDC/VAC expressed in % 1,000 VAC + DC 1,414 Vpk W

#### **VxA** power

In AC and AC+DC voltage measurement: this calculation is limited to 400Hz. The current measurement is always made in AC+DC.

Accuracy (typical)/Accuracy of V measurement + Accuracy of peak A measurement

(C) The link to the COM input must be short and of large diameter, in order to limit the voltage drop that influences the Volt measurement.

Protection: 1,414 Vpk

	-	
Duty cycle DCY	Display of the measurement in % of	of a logical signal (TTL, CMOS, etc.)
		- 0
	Resolution	- 1-0 0.01%
	Minimum duration for A	10us
	Maximum duration for T	10μs 0.8s
	Minimum duration for T	200.03
	Nominal range	5 to 90% typical
	Sensitivity (10V range)	>30% of the range, Freq <1kHz >50% of the range, Freq >1kHz
	Absolute error on the duty	
	cycle, expressed in % absolute	0.05% + 0.0001/T [t in s] F <1kHz 0.1% + 0.0005/T [t in s] F >1kHz
	Additional absolute error	0.1xC/P
	(slope at zero crossing)	C = range in V or in A (for the 1,000V range, C = 5,000) P = slope in V/s A/s
	Protection	1,414 Vpk
Event counting CNT	-	
_	Depending on frequency counter to	riggering conditions.
	Minimum pulse width	5 µs
	Counting up to	99999
	Triggering threshold This threshold is:	10% of the range except 1,000 VAc range positive in $\Pi$ , negative in $\Pi$
	For negative events, cross the le	eads.
	Protection	1,414 Vpk
Pulse width PW	-	
	Depending on frequency counter to Resolution	riggering conditions.
	Minimum pulse width	10 µs
		0.05% L + 10us
	Maximum duration of a period	1 25 s (0 8Hz)
	Triggering threshold	20% of the range except 1,000 VAC range
	This threshold is positive in $\Pi,$ neg	ative in ℧.
	Additional error on the measureme see §. Duty cycle, above.	ent due to the slope at the zero crossing:
	For negative events, cross the le	eads.
	Protection	1,414 Vpk
Time-stamp chronometer		
	Accuracy	approx. 30s/month (drift of real-time clock)
	Resolution	1s
	Display	hour/minute/second day/month/year

# Variation in the nominal range of use

Quantity of influence Function	<b>Temperature</b> (Max. influence)	Field	Humidity	Voltage Primary battery 4 <u <6.4v<br="">Storage battery 4 <u <5.5v<="" th=""></u></u>
v <sub>DC</sub>	0.003% L /°C			
V <sub>AC+DC</sub> V <sub>AC</sub> V <sub>Low</sub> z	0.05% L /°C		no influence	no influence
Hz	0.003% L /°C		no initiachee	no initiachee
≯	0.015% L /°C			
Ω 10M/50M Cap	0.007% L /°C 0.14% L /°C 0.15% L /°C			
mA <sub>DC</sub>	0.020% L /°C			
<sup>mA</sup> AC+DC AAC	0.05% L /°C	<1 per thousand FS		
10 A <sub>DC</sub>	0.05% L /°C			
10 AAC+DC AAC	0.055% L /°C			
Quick Peak	0.025% L /°C			

# Response of the filter



### **General characteristics**

Environmental	Altitude	<2000m					
conditions	Reference range	23°C ±5°C					
	Specified range of use	0°C to 40°C					
	Influence of temperature	see §. Variation.					
	Relative humidity	0% to 80% from 0°C to 35°C 0% to 70% from 35°C to 40°C limited to 70% for the 5 and 50 $\Omega$ ranges					
	Dust- and water-tightness	IP67 (in the event of immersion, under 1m of water for 30 mn, it is necessary to let the water flow off or to let the unit dry before putting it back into service).					
	Storage range	-20°C to 70°C					
Power supply (3 possibilities)	Mains supply by 230V charger Voltage fluctuation between 20	(±10%)/45Hz to 65Hz 7V and 253V					
	d There is a specific charger	for the American market: 110V/60Hz.					
	<ul> <li>Primary batteries: 4x1.5V nominal, LR6 Alkaline (or more if possible) Life: ≈100 h in VDC (ultra power)</li> </ul>						
	<ul> <li>Storage batteries: 4x1.2V A-A s (2400mAh). In order to optimize of the multimeter with the charge</li> </ul>	storage batteries, NI-MH LSD 2400 Life: ≈80h e the life of the storage batteries, the charging ger is operational up to <35°C.					
Display	<ul> <li>1 colour graphic LCD display u main quantity and 3 secondary Dimensions of the display: 70x</li> </ul>	nit, 320x240 pts, allowing the display of one quantities or a graphic screen 52mm useful					
	• The refresh rate of the display	unit is 200ms.					
CE							
Security	According to NF EN 61010-1:						
-	<ul> <li>Insulation</li> </ul>	class 2					
	<ul> <li>Degree of pollution</li> </ul>	2					
	Use indoor						
	Altitude	<2000m					
	<ul> <li>Measurement category of the "measurement" inputs CAT III, 1000V with respect to earth</li> </ul>						
	Measurement category     of the "measurement" inputs	CAT IV, 600V with respect to earth					
CEM	This instrument is designed in c its compatibility has been tested • Emissions (cl. A) and Immuni	onformity with the EMC standards in force and I in accordance with the following standards: ty NF EN 61326-1					
Mechanical ch	aracteristics	-					
	Dimensions	196 x 90 x 47.1mm					
Housing	Mass	570g					
	Materials	ABS V0					

• Dust- and water-tightness IP67, according to NF EN 60529

Supply	
supplied with the	<ul> <li>Operating directions in 5 languages on CD-ROM with SX-DMM software</li> </ul>
instrument	Getting started guide on paper
	<ul> <li>1 set of safety leads (red and black) with double insulation probe tip (∅ of the probe tips: 4mm) 1,000V CAT III 20A</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>1 set of 4 AA/R6 Ni-MH storage batteries</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>1 230V external power supply charger</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>1 statement of manufacturer's measurements</li> </ul>
	Optical USB communication lead
	1 carrying case
optional	<ul> <li>Current clamps (see CHAUVIN ARNOUX catalogue)</li> <li>Two-wire Pt100 temperature probe (HX0091)</li> <li>Two-wire Pt1000 temperature probe (HA1263)</li> <li>K thermocouple with banana adapter (P011021067)</li> <li>Metrology software for Windows (HX0059B)</li> <li>Set of rechargeable batteries (HX0051B)</li> <li>HV probe (SHT40KV)</li> <li>CMS clamp (HX0064)</li> <li>Bluetooth key (P011102112)</li> <li>Multifix adapter for DMM (P01102100Z)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>External charger for NI-MH storage batteries (HX0053)</li> </ul>
spa	<ul> <li>Fuse 1,000V 11A &gt;20kA 10x38mm (Get in touch with our Manumesure Regional Technical Centre)</li> </ul>

- Kit of test accessories for DMM (P01295459Z)
- Carrying case with Multifix (HX0052C)

### **APPENDIX**

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# Default configuration

- In **User** mode, the device restarts in the user's personal configuration (General and Measurement menus) and the function selected when switched off, but coupling in Volt function (AC+DC).
- In **Basic** mode, the default, the multimeter starts up in its elementary configuration (default values) and in the Volt function (AC+DC).

General	Language:	ves		
	Beep:	yes		
	Sleep:	yes		
	Lighting:	ECO	Communication:	IR
	IR baud:	38400	Configuration:	basic
	Energy:	Ni-MH		
	Storage battery c	apacity:	2,400mAh	
	Communication p	protocol:	MODBUS	
Measurement	Filter:	NO	Impedance:	10/20M
	dBm REF:	600Ω	W REF:	50Ω
Func. CLAMP,	Function:	V	Unit:	А
	Ratio: 1A/A	V		
Func. MATH	Function:	V	Unit:	none
	Coef. A:	1	Coef. B:	0
Func. MEM	Recording interva	al:	1s	
	Nb. of records 32	92: 1000	Nb. Of records. 3	293: 6500
Main functions	V, A: AUTO	), AC+DC	Hz:	10V range
	Ω, Capacity:	AUTO	° C:	° C, Pt 100

Restart configuration assumes no leads connected. If they are connected, they will be taken into account in the selection of the function.

Instructions before recharging the storage batteries.       Before recharging, check that the device is equipped with all 4 storage batteries. It is not necessary to withdraw them to recharge them. If "Ni-MH" is selected in the T of Energy menu (see paragraph), then charging is enabled. An attempt to charge with primary batteries in the device may damage the device. For safety reasons, the charging of the storage batteries is enabled only between: 0°C and 35°C. Note: an elevation of the internal temperature by a current measurement may possib the thermal safety. In order to keep the storage batteries in good condition, use the multimeter until the r level is reached before recharging. Then connect the plug of the power supply unit (12 VDC) to the specific jack (illustrati the front panel). Connect the power supply unit (12 VDC) to mains. The symbol opposite on the display unit is used to monitor the course of the charging a % of charge:         • battery level at limit       → ered symbol and 100%         • battery level at limit       → red symbol and x%         • battery level at limit       → red symbol and x%         • battery level at limit       → red symbol and X% together with audible beep The storage batteries are fully charged when the symbol is stabilized with 4 segment (each fixed plateau is acquired), after approximately 6 h. The multimeters are delivered with 2400mAh Ni-MH storage batteries. These used storage batteries are your Manumesure agency. Once the storage batteries are dilivered, it may happen that the storage batteries are discharand require full recharging.	/pe ly trip nin. on of with s any
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# **APPENDIX** (continued)

#### **Table of secondary** measurements

Display unit 1: mean measurement		Secondary unit	display 1	Secondary display unit 2		Secondary display unit 3						
V AC V AC+DC	V DC	A AC A AC+DC	A DC	Hz	Ω	function	unit	function	unit	function	unit	
Х		Х				FREQ	Hz	PER	S	MATH fu	unct.	
Х						FREQ	Hz	dB	dB	MATH fu	MATH funct.	
Х						dBm	dBm	REF(dBm)	Ω	MATH fu	MATH funct.	
Х		Х				Pk+	V-A	Pk-	V -A	CF	CF	
Х	х	Х	х			W	W	REF(Ω)	Ω	MATH fu	MATH funct	
				х		PER	S	DC+	%	MATH fu	unct.	
				Х		PER	S	DC-	%	MATH funct.		
				х		PW+	S	CNT+		MATH funct.		
				Х		PW-	S	CNT-		MATH funct.		
Х	х	Х	х	Х	Х	MATH fu	unct.					
Х	Х					VxA	VA	А	А	MATH fu	unct.	

Key

#### MATH = y = Ax + B

FREQ = frequency measurement

PER = measurement of the period

dB = measurement of decibel of voltage in dB

dBm = measurement of decibel of power in dBm with REF = dBm REF

- Pk+ = measurement of positive peaks
- Pk-= measurement of negative peaks
- CF = measurement of the peak factor
- = calculation of the resistive power with REF = W REF w
- VxA = calculation of the power limited to 400Hz
- DCY+ = measurement of positive duty cycle \_\_\_\_
- = measurement of negative duty cycle DCY-
- W+ = measurements of positive pulse widths or durations
- PW-= measurements of negative pulse widths or durations ₋∟
- CNT+ = counting of positive pulses
- CNT-= counting of negative pulses Л